

ODDKI JĘZYKOWE

OR WIELOKROTNY

natyka Zdania przydawkowe

łóż trzy części każdego zdania jak w przykładzie.

A pedestrian is	an official	which is used for long journeys.
A coach is	a place	who is walking in the street and not travelling in a vehicle.
A junction is	a person	when most tourists visit London.
An immigration officer is	the months	where two or more roads meet.
July and August are	a bus	whose job it is to check people's passports at the border.

zpełnij zdania zaimkami **who, which, whose, where** **when**.

This photo shows the place _____ I went on holiday last year.

Emma, the girl _____ was going to travel to India with us, is ill.

I have a friend _____ brother has travelled around the world on a bike.

The car, _____ we'd bought second hand, broke down on the first day of the trip.

I met Sylvie the year _____ I was travelling around Europe by train.

znacz zdania, w których zaimek względny **who** lub **which** można zastąpić zaimkiem **that**.

I need a bike which isn't too heavy. ☐

Harry, who doesn't like flying, travelled by train and joined us in Amsterdam. ☐

That's the guy who sailed across the Pacific last year. ☐

The guest house, which had been recommended by friends, was very pleasant. ☐

I'm looking for an adventurous travelling companion who doesn't mind discomfort. ☐

Joe's got an incredible new tent which can transform into a hammock. ☐

kreśl zaimki względne wszędzie tam, gdzie nie są ne potrzebne.

Chris is the only person that I could travel around the world with.

Mary was the only person in the group who knew how to put up a tent.

We stayed in a house that looked a bit like a castle.

This photo shows the house which we've rented for the summer.

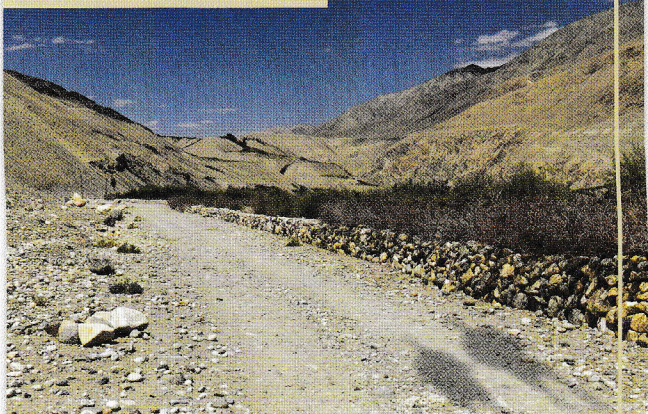
We spent all the money that our parents had given us, so we tried to earn some by helping on a farm.

Zadanie maturalne

5 Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi A-C wybierz właściwą, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i poprawny gramatycznie tekst.

- | | | |
|------------|---------|-------------|
| 1 A who | B which | C that |
| 2 A up | B off | C on |
| 3 A legs | B road | C foot |
| 4 A which | B where | C when |
| 5 A friend | B mate | C companion |

An impossible journey



'You will die, I can guarantee.'

Rory Stewart received this simple warning from an Afghan security service officer who questioned him about his travel plans. It was January 2002 and Stewart, ¹_____ was British, intended to walk across Afghanistan. He could speak Persian and had some knowledge of Muslim customs. The planned trek was part of a much longer journey, a solo walk across Iran, Pakistan, India and Nepal.

Stewart set ²_____ despite the warning. In thirty-two days he crossed the country from Herat to Kabul, covering over seven hundred kilometres, entirely on ³_____. He walked over snow-covered mountains and through villages ⁴_____ no European had been seen before. People invited him to stay in their homes and share their meals. He appreciated their hospitality all the more, knowing that to some of them he represented a culture they hated. Somewhere along the way Stewart adopted a huge dog he named Babur, a faithful travelling ⁵_____ that helped him complete the journey. After returning home, Stewart wrote a book about his walk through Afghanistan, *The Places in Between*.

Language and Culture

Soon after the trip described above Rory Stewart served as a coalition official in a remote province of occupied Iraq from 2003 to 2004. He described those experiences in his second book, *Occupational Hazards* (also known as *The Prince of the Marshes*).